Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and company identification

Product name: CA1000
Code: CA1000
Supplier: PPG Aerospace PRC-DeSoto
12780 San Fernando Road
Sylmar, CA 91342

Emergency telephone number:
Information Phone: (818) 240-2060
Emergency Phone: (800) 228-5635
Outside of USA: + (651) 632-9265

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview:
WARNING!
MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. SANDING AND GRINDING DUSTS MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects:
- Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled.
- Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.
- Skin: May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Eyes: Moderately irritating to eyes.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms:
This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications.

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure:
Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>141-78-6</td>
<td>7 - 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicate, mica</td>
<td>12001-26-2</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>disodium titanate</td>
<td>12034-34-3</td>
<td>0.5 - 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous fumed</td>
<td>112945-52-5</td>
<td>0.5 - 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO₂) (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.
4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

**Eye contact**
- Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Skin contact**
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thiners.

**Inhalation**
- Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Ingestion**
- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.

**Notes to physician**
- No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

**Flammability of the product**
- Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

**Extinguishing media**
- Suitable: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable: None known.

**Special exposure hazards**
- Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion products**
- Decomposition products may include the following materials:
  - carbon oxides
  - phosphorus oxides
  - metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions**
- Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

**Large spill**
- Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

**Small spill**
- Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
7. Handling and storage

Handling:
- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Storage:
- Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store above the following temperature: 120°F / 49°C.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>Ontario</th>
<th>Mexico</th>
<th>PPG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>Not estab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicate, mica</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 mg/m³ R</td>
<td>20 mppcf Z</td>
<td>3 mg/m³ R</td>
<td>3 mg/m³ R</td>
<td>Not estab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous fumed</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>Not estab.</td>
<td>Not estab.</td>
<td>Not estab.</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ R</td>
<td>Not estab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ TD</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ TD</td>
<td>Not estab.</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ TD (as Ti)</td>
<td>Not estab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³ R</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ R Z</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ R</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ R</td>
<td>Not estab.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key to abbreviations:
- A = Acceptable Maximum Peak
- ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
- C = Ceiling Limit
- F = Fume
- IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit
- OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
- R = Respirable
- S = Potential skin absorption
- SR = Respiratory sensitization
- SS = Skin sensitization
- STEL = Short term Exposure limit values
- TD = Total dust
- TLV = Threshold Limit Value
- TWA = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures:
- If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures:
- If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Eyes: Safety glasses with side shields.

Hands: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Respiratory: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Skin: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Solid.

Flash point: Closed cup: 23.89°C (75°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Color: Off-white.

Odor: Pleasant, ester-like.

pH: Not available.

Boiling/condensation point: Not available.

Melting/freezing point: Not available.

Specific gravity: 1.31

Density (lbs / gal): 10.93

Vapor pressure: Not available.

Vapor density: Not available.

Volatile: 17% (v/v), 11.95% (w/w)

Odor threshold: Not available.

Evaporation rate: Not available.

VOC: 12.2% (w/w)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not available.

% Solid (w/w): 88.05

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Materials to avoid: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: water, acids, oxidizing materials, strong alkalis

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous polymerization: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5620 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;5 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous fumed</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3160 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;10 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Chronic toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Conclusion/Summary</th>
<th>DEFATTING IRRITANT?</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
<th>summary</th>
<th>Carcinogenicity</th>
<th>Mutagenicity</th>
<th>Teratogenicity</th>
<th>Reproductive toxicity</th>
<th>Developmental effects</th>
<th>Fertility effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No available.</td>
<td>Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.</td>
<td>Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: lungs, brain, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS).</td>
<td>Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, skin, eyes.</td>
<td>Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>EPA</th>
<th>NIOSH</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>A4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>A4</td>
<td>2B</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td>A2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Proven.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mutagenicity**

| Mutagenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

**Teratogenicity**

| Teratogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

**Reproductive toxicity**

| Reproductive toxicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

**Developmental effects**

| Developmental effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

**Fertility effects**

| Fertility effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

12. Ecological information

**Environmental effects**

| Environmental effects | Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |

**Aquatic ecotoxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>Acute LC50 230000 to 250000 ug/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 560000 ug/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Acute LC50 5.5 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 1 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Classes</th>
<th>PG*</th>
<th>Additional information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN</td>
<td>3077</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (trizinc bis(orthophosphate), Zinc oxide)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>3077</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (trizinc bis(orthophosphate), Zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (trizinc bis(orthophosphate), Zinc oxide)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOT</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PG*: Packing group

Reportable quantity RQ: CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Zinc oxide; trizinc bis(orthophosphate); Ethyl acetate: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg);

15. Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.
Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.
Canada inventory (DSL): Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Europe inventory (REACH): Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.
Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.
Korea inventory (KECI): At least one component is not listed.
New Zealand (NZIoC): Substance Use Restricted
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

United States
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Silicate, mica; Ethyl acetate
CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Zinc oxide; trizinc bis(orthophosphate); Ethyl acetate: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg);
SARA 311/312 MSDS Distribution - Chemical Inventory - Hazard Identification:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Acute</th>
<th>Chronic</th>
<th>Fire</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Pressure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

United States - Canada - Mexico Page: 6/7
15. Regulatory information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>Supplier notification</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>141-78-6</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>trizinc bis(orthophosphate)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicate, mica</td>
<td>12001-26-2</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>disodium titanate</td>
<td>12034-34-3</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Product as-supplied: Y Y N Y N N

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Canada
WHMIS (Canada): Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Mexico
Classification
Flammability: 3 Health: 2 Reactivity: 0

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)
Health: 2 * Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)
Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue: 12/17/2010.
Organization that prepared the MSDS: EHS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer
The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.