## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue 14 January 2014 Version 4 pPG

## 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/ undertaking

Product name	: 528X310 BASE COMPONENT
Code	: 528X310 BASE COMPONENT
Product use	: Coating. Paint. Painting-related materials. Industrial applications.
Company/undertaking identification	: PPG Industries (Vietnam) Co.Ltd. Unit 5A, 10th Floor, Saigon Centre, 65 Le Loi Boulevard, District 1, HCMC, VN Tel : +(84) 8823 3014 Fax : +(84) 8823 3011

Emergency telephone number : 84 88233014

## 2. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	CAS number	%	EC number	Classification
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	25 - 50	204-658-1	R10 R66, R67
crystalline silica respirable (<10 microns)	14808-60-7	15 - 20	238-878-4	Xn; R48/20
butanone	78-93-3	10 - 12.5	201-159-0	F; R11 Xi; R36 R66, R67
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10 - 12.5	203-631-1	R10 Xn; R20
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	3 - 5	200-751-6	R10 Xn; R22 Xi; R41, R37/38 R67
See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.				

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### 3. Hazards identification

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification	F; R11 Xn; R48/20 Xi; R36 R66, R67	
Physical/chemical hazards	Highly flammable.	
Human health hazards	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Irritating to eyes. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or crackin Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	וg.
Additional hazards	None known.	
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms		

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## 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

#### See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

5. Fire-fighting	measures
Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: Do not use water jet.
Special exposure hazards	: Highly flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	1	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent
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**Small spill** 

material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 7. Handling and storage

Handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Storage	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Occupational exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	Bộ Y tế (Viet Nam, 10/2002).
-	STEL: 700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 hours.
butanone	Bộ Y tế (Viet Nam, 10/2002).
	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours.
cyclohexanone	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 81.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 40.8 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
butan-1-ol	Bộ Y tế (Viet Nam, 10/2002).
	STEL: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of
	exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482

(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures

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	for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Exposure controls	
Occupational exposure controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Skin protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Black.
Boiling point	: 79.44 to 155.56°C (175 to 312°F)
Relative density	: 1.09
Flash point	: Closed cup: -5.56°C (22°F)
Material supports combustion.	: Yes.

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).	
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	
Materials to avoid	<ul> <li>Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials strong acids strong alkalis</li> </ul>	
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.</li> </ul>	
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.	

## 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects		
Inhalation	1	Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Eye contact	:	Irritating to eyes.

#### Potential chronic health effects

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Inhalation of high concentrations of vapor may affect the central nervous system.

#### Target organs

Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, bones, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

## 12. Ecological information

Environmental effects	: No known significant e	effects or critical hazards.	
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>			
Product/ingredient name	<u>LogP<sub>ow</sub></u>	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
butanone	0.29	-	low
cyclohexanone	0.81	-	low
butan-1-ol	0.88	-	low
Mobility	: Not available.		
Other adverse effects	: No known significant e	effects or critical hazards.	
	Do not allow to enter o	drains or watercourses.	

### 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste product residues should not be disposed of via the sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may

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retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### 14 **Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	11	11	П
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
IATA	: None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### **Regulatory information** 15.

#### **EU regulations** Hazard symbol or symbols Highly flammable, Harmful : R11- Highly flammable. **Risk phrases** R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. R36- Irritating to eyes. R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67- Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. **Contains** : crystalline silica respirable (<10 microns) 238-878-4 : Industrial applications. **Product use Other EU regulations**

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Circular no. 05/1999/TT-BYT

Ingredient name	Category	Notes	
benzene	Category 1		
toluene	Category 2		
xylene	Category 2		

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### **16.** Other information

Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3	:	<ul> <li>R11- Highly flammable.</li> <li>R10- Flammable.</li> <li>R20- Harmful by inhalation.</li> <li>R22- Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.</li> <li>R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.</li> <li>R36- Irritating to eyes.</li> <li>R37/38- Irritating to respiratory system and skin.</li> <li>R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.</li> <li>R67- Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.</li> </ul>
Full text of classifications referred to in sections 2 and 3	:	F - Highly flammable Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant
<u>History</u>		
Date of issue	1	1/14/2014.
Version	:	4
Organization that prepared the MSDS	:	EHS

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.