

Safety Data Sheet

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Document Group:25-8407-6Version Number:3.01Issue Date:05/03/21Supercedes Date:06/12/14

Product identifier

3MTM ScotchcastTM Electrical Resin 255 (A & B)

ID Number(s):

80-7002-5502-1

7100083219

Recommended use

Electrical

Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Electrical Markets Division

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA

Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Article Information Sheet (AIS), or Article Information Letter (AIL) for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component documents from this cover page. The document numbers for components of this product are:

19-8506-8, 19-8526-6

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05/03/21

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 Document Group:
 19-8506-8
 Version Number:
 2.02

 Issue Date:
 10/22/21
 Supercedes Date:
 04/30/21

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM ScotchcastTM Electrical Resin 255 Part A

Product Identification Numbers

LH-A100-0612-6, 80-7002-5504-7 7010351943

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Electrical, Part A of two part resin

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Electrical Markets Division

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA

Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1. Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms





Hazard Statements

Causes eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

skin |

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wear protective gloves.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	45 - 50 Trade Secret *
Talc	14807-96-6	25 - 30 Trade Secret *
Antimony Trioxide	1309-64-4	10 - 15 Trade Secret *
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	41638-13-5	5 - 15 Trade Secret *
Chlorite (Mineral)	1318-59-8	<= 1 Trade Secret *
Dolomite	16389-88-1	<= 1 Trade Secret *
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	<= 1 Trade Secret *
Arsenic	7440-38-2	< 0.1 Trade Secret *
Lead	7439-92-1	< 0.1 Trade Secret *

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	Condition
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Chloride	During Combustion
Oxides of Antimony	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container. Store away from heat.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Antimony Trioxide	1309-64-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):0.02	A2: Suspected human
			mg/m3	carcin.
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	A4: Not class. as human
			mg/m3	carcin
Talc	14807-96-6	OSHA	TWA	
			concentration(respirable):0.1	
			mg/m3(2.4 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.);TWA:20	
			millions of particles/cu. ft.	
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	OSHA	()	
			mg/m3;TWA(respirable	
			fraction):5 mg/m3	
Lead	7439-92-1	ACGIH	TWA(as Pb):0.05 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcin.
Lead	7439-92-1	OSHA	TWA:0.05 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1025
Arsenic	7440-38-2	ACGIH	TWA(as As):0.01 mg/m3	A1: Confirmed human
			7	carcin.
Arsenic	7440-38-2	OSHA	TWA:0.01 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1018

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical stateLiquidColorMilky White

Specific Physical Form: Resin

OdorPungent OdorOdor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNot ApplicableMelting pointNo Data Available

Boiling Point >= 437 °F

Flash Point >= 320 °F [Test Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rateNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data Available

Vapor Pressure Negligible

Vapor Density No Data Available

Density 1.53 g/ml

Specific Gravity 1.53 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Negligible

Solubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data Available

Viscosity 12,000 centipoise - 22,000 centipoise

Average particle sizeNo Data AvailableBulk densityNo Data AvailableHazardous Air PollutantsNo Data AvailableMolecular weightNo Data AvailableVolatile Organic CompoundsNo Data Available

Percent volatile Nil

Softening pointNo Data AvailableVOC Less H2O & Exempt SolventsNo Data Available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization may occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Water

No Data Available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u> <u>Condition</u>

Aldehydes Oxidative Degradation

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye Contact:

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Additional Health Effects:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Dermal Effects: Signs/symptoms may include redness, itching, acne, or bumps on the skin.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

<u>Ingredient</u>	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Arsenic and inorganic arsenic compounds	7440-38-2	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Arsenic and inorganic arsenic compounds	7440-38-2	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
ARSENIC, INORGANIC	7440-38-2	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Lead	7439-92-1	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEAD	7439-92-1	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Talc	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Antimony Trioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 6,685 mg/kg
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.76 mg/l
Antimony Trioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 34,600 mg/kg
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Chlorite (Mineral)	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Chlorite (Mineral)	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Dolomite	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg

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Magnesium Carbonate	Dermal	Professio	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
		nal	
		judgeme	
		nt	
Dolomite	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Magnesium Carbonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Lead	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Epoxy Resin	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Antimony Trioxide	Human	Minimal irritation
	and	
	animal	
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Chlorite (Mineral)	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Dolomite	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Magnesium Carbonate	In vitro	No significant irritation
	data	
Lead	similar	No significant irritation
	compoun	
	ds	

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Epoxy Resin	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Antimony Trioxide	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Chlorite (Mineral)	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Dolomite	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Magnesium Carbonate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Lead	similar	Mild irritant
	compoun	
	ds	

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Epoxy Resin	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Antimony Trioxide	Human	Not classified
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value

Epoxy Resin	Human	Not classified
Talc	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Epoxy Resin	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Epoxy Resin	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Talc	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Antimony Trioxide	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Antimony Trioxide	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Lead	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic
Lead	Not Specified	official classifica tion	Carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Talc	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesi s
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 0.25 mg/l	premating & during gestation
Lead	Not Specified	Toxic to female reproduction	Human	LOAEL 10 ug/dl blood	
Lead	Not Specified	Toxic to male reproduction	Human	LOAEL 37 ug/dl blood	
Lead	Not Specified	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure

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						Duration
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Epchlorohydrin-Glycol Reaction Product	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Rat	NOAEL not available	
Lead	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs	Human	LOAEL 90 ug/dl blood	poisoning and/or abuse
Lead	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	auditory system heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver eyes kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Talc	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks
Antimony Trioxide	Dermal	skin	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure		NOAEL 0.002 mg/l	1 years
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.043 mg/l	1 years
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	not available
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	occupational exposure
Antimony Trioxide	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.02 mg/l	1 years
Antimony Trioxide	Ingestion	blood liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 418 mg/kg/day	not available
Antimony Trioxide	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not available
Lead	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 60 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
Lead	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 50 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
Lead	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs Human though prolonged or repeated exposure		LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
Lead	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Lead	Inhalation	heart endocrine system immune system vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Lead	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 20 ug/dl blood	3 months

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Lead	Ingestion	eyes	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.5 mg/kg/day	20 days
Lead	Ingestion	hematopoietic system kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	environmenta l exposure
Lead	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 11 ug/dl blood	environmenta 1 exposure
Lead	Ingestion	auditory system heart endocrine system vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	environmenta 1 exposure

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D004 (Arsenic), D008 (Lead)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards

Not applicable

Health Hazards

Carcinogenicity

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient

C.A.S. No

% by Wt

Antimony Trioxide (ANTIMONY COMPOUNDS)

1309-64-4

Trade Secret 10 - 15

This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

HMIS Hazard Classification

Health: *3 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

 Document Group:
 19-8506-8
 Version Number:
 2.02

 Issue Date:
 10/22/21
 Supercedes Date:
 04/30/21

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Safety Data Sheet

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 Document Group:
 19-8526-6
 Version Number:
 2.01

 Issue Date:
 04/30/21
 Supercedes Date:
 10/22/18

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM ScotchcastTM Electrical Resin 255 Part B

Product Identification Numbers

LH-A100-0612-7, 80-7002-5505-4 7010304390

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Electrical, Part B of two part resin

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Electrical Markets Division

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA

Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.

Respiratory Sensitizer: Category 1.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1A.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Health Hazard

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Causes eye irritation.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Wear protective gloves.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
TALC	14807-96-6	35 - 40
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	25377-73-5	25 - 30 Trade Secret *
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE-POLYPROPYLENE GLYCOL	Trade Secret*	15 - 20
COPOLYMER		
CHLORENDIC ANHYDRIDE	115-27-5	10 - 15
CALCITE	13397-26-7	0 - 5
CHLORENDIC ACID	115-28-6	0 - 1 Trade Secret *
HEPTANE	142-82-5	0 - 1
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	108-31-6	0 - 1

TOLUENE	108-88-3	0 - 1 Trade Secret *
TOLOLINE	1100 00 5	1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eve Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Chloride	During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	108-31-6	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction and	A4: Not class. as human
			vapor):0.01 mg/m3	carcin,
				Dermal/Respiratory
				Sensitizer
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	108-31-6	OSHA	TWA:1 mg/m3(0.25 ppm)	
TOLUENE	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin, Ototoxicant
TOLUENE	108-88-3	OSHA	TWA:200 ppm;CEIL:300 ppm	
HEPTANE	142-82-5	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	
HEPTANE	142-82-5	OSHA	TWA:2000 mg/m3(500 ppm)	
TALC	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	A4: Not class. as human
			mg/m3	carcin
TALC	14807-96-6	OSHA	TWA	
			concentration(respirable):0.1	
			mg/m3(2.4 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.);TWA:20	
ACCIVITY OF SECTION OF	. 17 1 17		millions of particles/cu. ft.	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical stateLiquidColorBuff

Specific Physical Form: RESIN

OdorMaleic AnhydrideOdor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNot ApplicableMelting pointNot ApplicableBoiling Point>= 200 °F

Flash Point >= 200 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]

Evaporation rateNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data Available

Vapor Pressure <= 27 psia [Details:@131F]

Vapor Density No Data Available

Density 1.49 g/ml

Specific Gravity 1.49 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Negligible

Solubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data Available

Viscosity 25,000 centipoise - 52,000 centipoise

Average particle sizeNo Data AvailableBulk densityNo Data AvailableHazardous Air PollutantsNo Data AvailableMolecular weightNo Data AvailableVolatile Organic CompoundsNo Data Available

Percent volatile Negligible

Softening pointNo Data AvailableVOC Less H2O & Exempt SolventsNo Data Available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

No Data Available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eve Contact:

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
CHLORENDIC ACID	115-28-6	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
CHLORENDIC ACID	115-28-6	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
TALC	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
TALC	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 1.2 mg/l
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE-POLYPROPYLENE GLYCOL COPOLYMER	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE-POLYPROPYLENE GLYCOL COPOLYMER	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
CHLORENDIC ANHYDRIDE	Dermal		estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
CHLORENDIC ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation- Dust/Mist		estimated to be > 12.5 mg/l
CHLORENDIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion		estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg

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CALCITE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
CALCITE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
CALCITE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
HEPTANE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
HEPTANE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 103 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
HEPTANE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,620 mg/kg
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,030 mg/kg
TOLUENE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
TOLUENE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
	Vapor (4		-
	hours)		
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
TALC	Rabbit	No significant irritation
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
CALCITE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HEPTANE	Human	Mild irritant
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Human	Corrosive
	and	
	animal	
TOLUENE	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
TALC	Rabbit	No significant irritation
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
CALCITE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HEPTANE	Professio	Moderate irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Rabbit	Corrosive
TOLUENE	Rabbit	Moderate irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	Human	Sensitizing
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Multiple	Sensitizing
	animal	
	species	
TOLUENE	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
TALC	Human	Not classified
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	similar	Sensitizing
	compoun	
	ds	
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Human	Sensitizing

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
TALC	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TALC	In vivo	Not mutagenic
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
HEPTANE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TOLUENE	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
TALC	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
TALC	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesi s
CALCITE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 55 mg/kg/day	2 generation
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 55 mg/kg/day	2 generation
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 140 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
DODECENYLSUCCINIC ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
CALCITE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
HEPTANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
HEPTANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Human	NOAEL Not available	

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			classification			
HEPTANE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
TOLUENE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
TALC	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TALC	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks
CALCITE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
HEPTANE	Inhalation	liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 12 mg/l	26 weeks
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.0011 mg/l	6 months
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Inhalation	endocrine system hematopoietic system nervous system kidney and/or bladder heart liver eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.0098 mg/l	6 months
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 55 mg/kg/day	80 days
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	183 days
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	heart nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	183 days
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	80 days
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 60 mg/kg/day	90 days
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	Ingestion	skin endocrine system immune system eyes respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	80 days
TOLUENE	Inhalation	auditory system eyes olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
TOLUENE	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
TOLUENE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
TOLUENE	Inhalation	heart liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
TOLUENE	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails,	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1	8 weeks

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		and/or hair			mg/l	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TOLUENE	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
TOLUENE	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
TOLUENE	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
HEPTANE	Aspiration hazard
TOLUENE	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

.....

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical	l Hazards
----------	-----------

Not applicable

Health Hazards

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient

CHLORENDIC ACID

C.A.S. No

% by Wt

Trade Secret 0 - 1

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

HMIS Hazard Classification

Health: *2 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use

and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

 Document Group:
 19-8526-6
 Version Number:
 2.01

 Issue Date:
 04/30/21
 Supercedes Date:
 10/22/18

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